

# The Narrow Brown Leaf Spot Outbreak and Its Control in 2007

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# Cercospora on Rice

- Narrow Brown Leaf Spot, also called Cercospora leaf spot
- Cercospora Sheath Rot
- Attacks panicle branches and glumes
- Causal organism: *Cercospora oryzae*
- The disease has been reported in all major rice producing areas of the world
- Yield losses of up to 40% have been reported

# Disease Cycle

- Penetrates tissues through stomata and grows intercellularly
- Symptoms may take 30 days to develop
- Plants susceptible at all growth stages but more susceptible from panicle emergence to maturity
- Several races have been identified based on the reaction of a set of eight cultivars







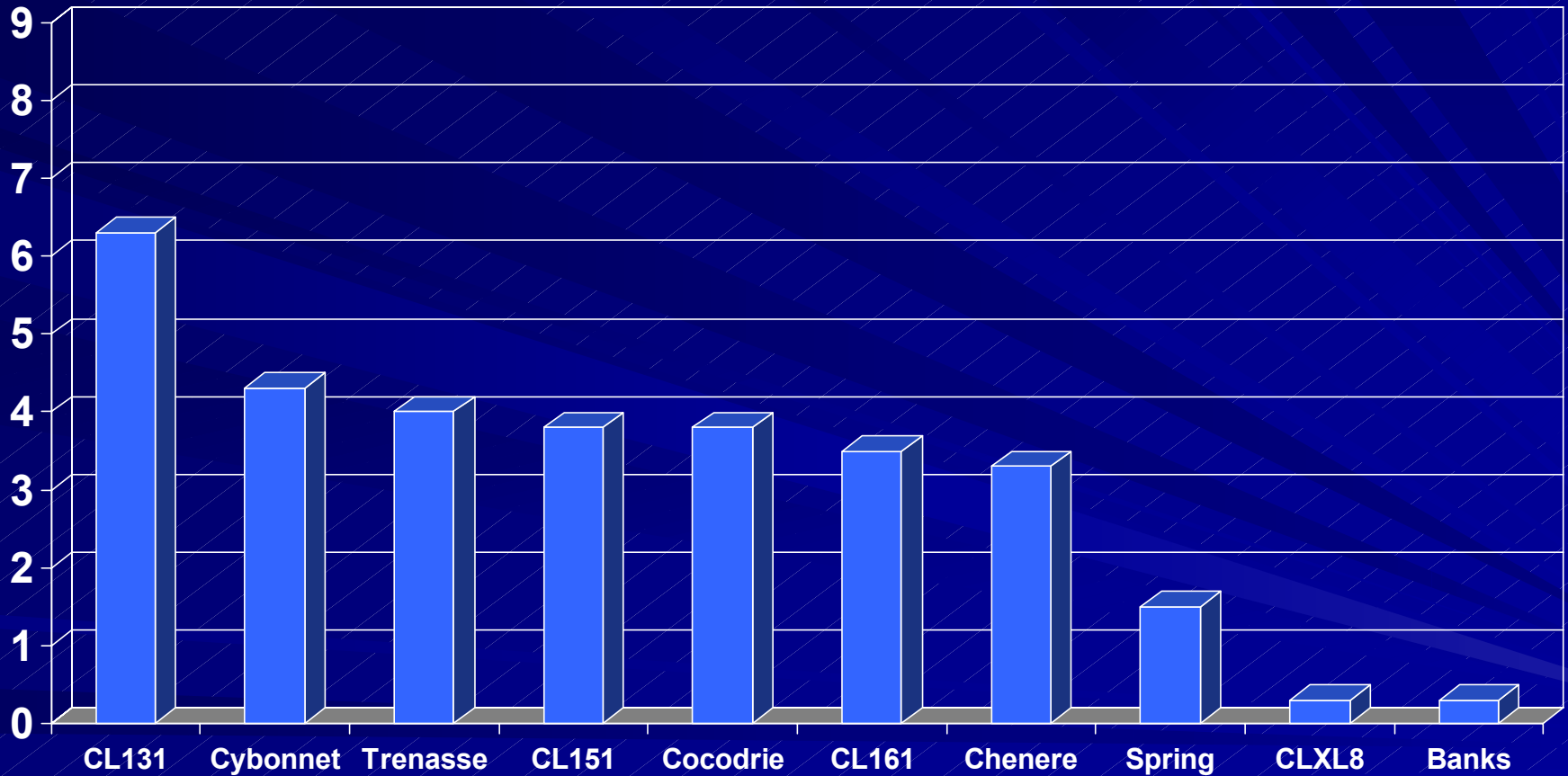






# Long-grain Disease Reactions

## Narrow Brown Leaf Spot

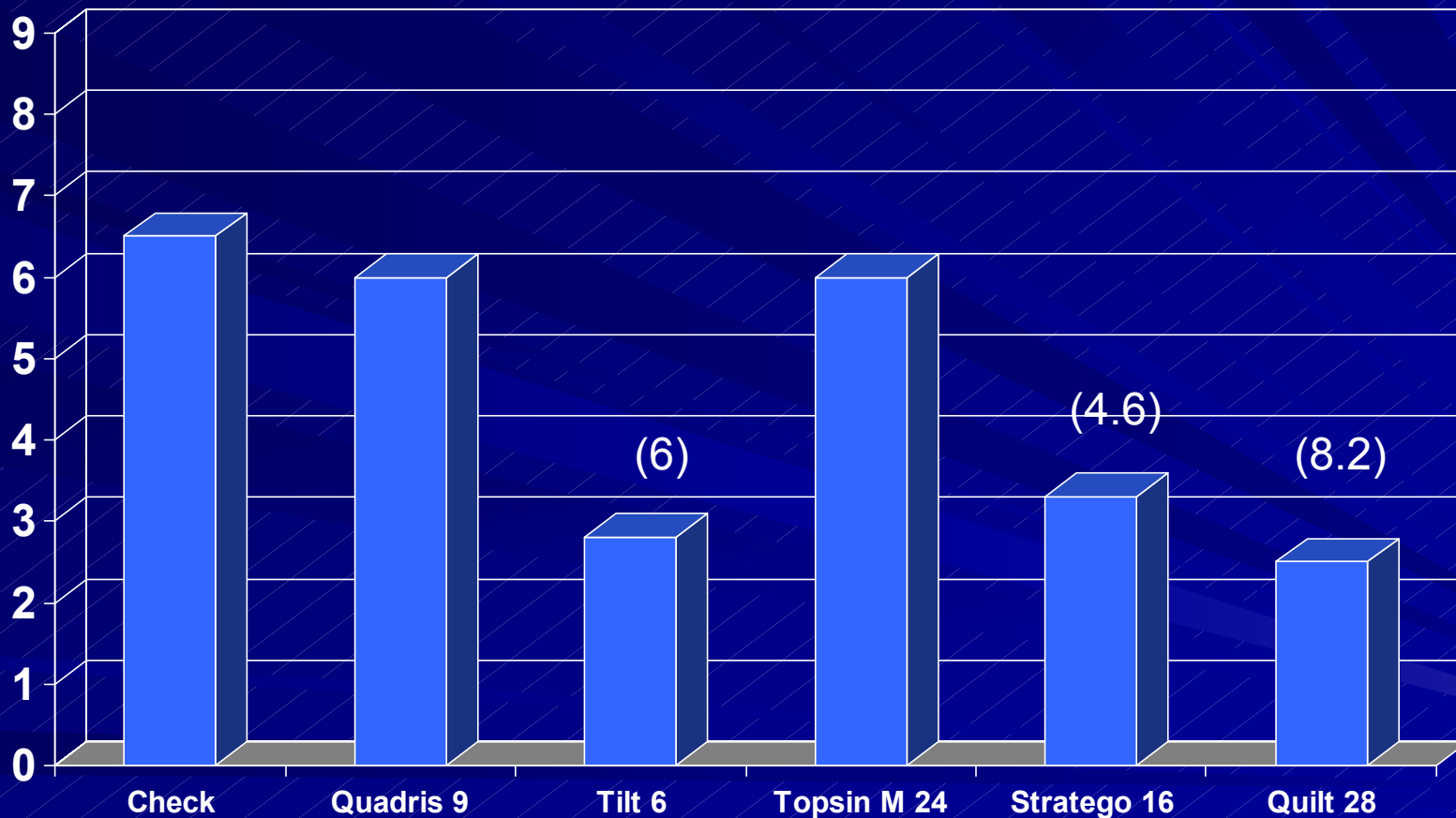


# Narrow Brown Reactions

<u>Susceptible</u>	Moderately <u>Susceptible</u>	Moderately <u>Resistant</u>	<u>Resistant</u>
CL131*vs. Cybonnet Trenasse	CL161 Cocodrie	Spring CLXL730 Cypress	CLXL8 XL723 CLXL730 Jupiter Banks Pace Bengal Medark XP712

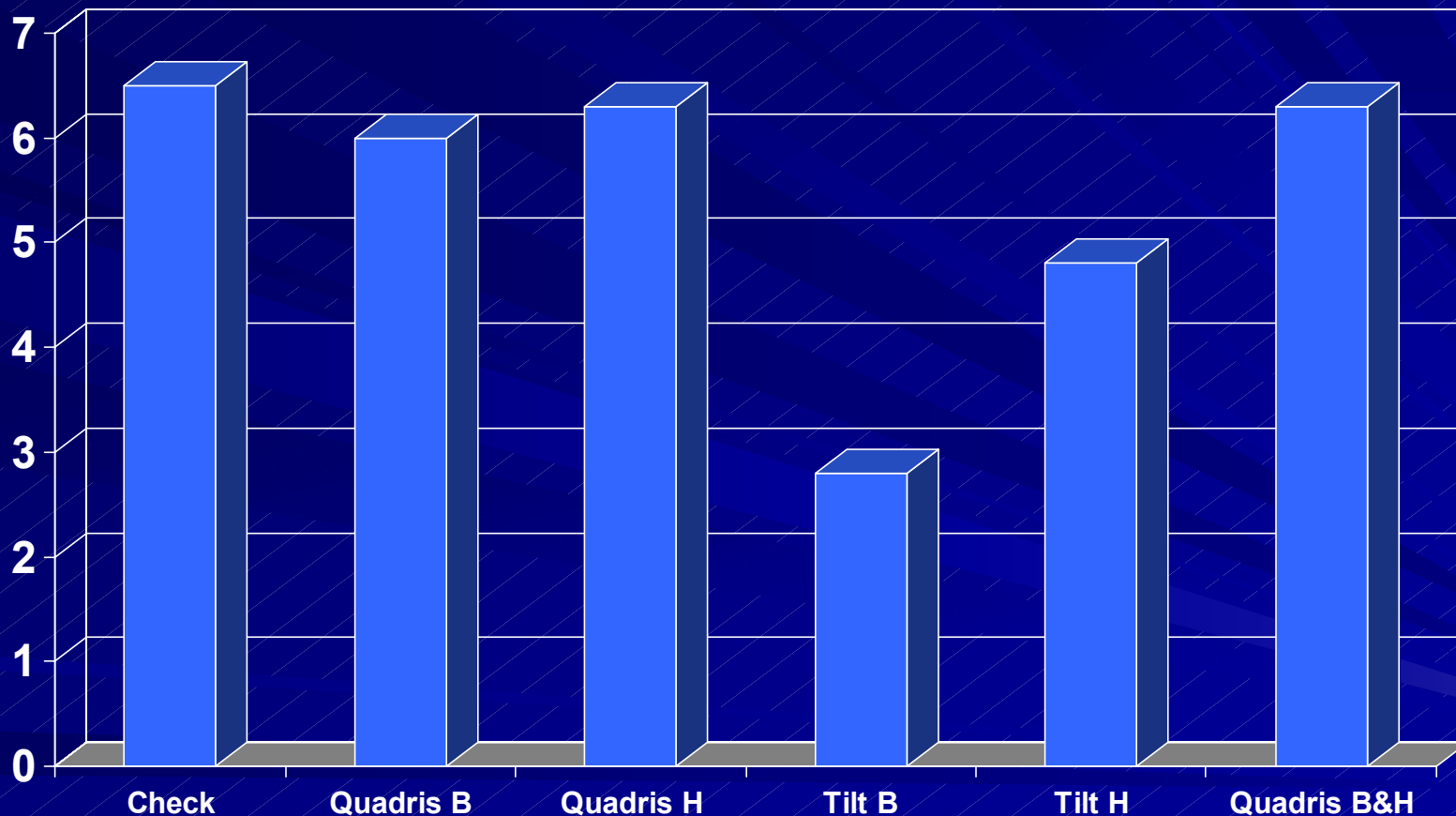


# Fungicide effects on NBLS Boot Applications





# Fungicide effects on NBLS Boot vs. Heading Applications



# Rice Fungicide Types

Propiconazole	Propiconazole + Strobilin	Strobilin	Flutolanil
Tilt	Quilt	Quadris	Moncut
PropiMax	Stratego	Gem	
Bumper	Tank Mix		

# Why?

- Over wintering rice in crawfish ponds contributed early inoculum
- Very wet conditions during July favored disease development
- Quadris used on 80-90% of treated acreage had no effect on this disease
- Possible race change
- Will it happen again??????



# Cercospora Disease Update

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