# State Issues and the Farm Bill

### Brian Breaux Louisiana Farm Bureau Federation

- Agricultural labor shortages
- Closure of railroad crossings
- Sweet potato farmers ineligible for 2005-06
   FSA Crop Disaster Program
- 2008 Farm Bill
- US Mexico NAFTA Sugar Agreement
- Cotton warehouse reconcentration
- Renewable Portfolio Standard Geaux Green
- Boll Weevil Eradication Funding
- 3<sup>rd</sup> axle tax exemption for sugarcane trailers

### **Agricultural Labor**

### H-2A workers delays in 2007

- Clearance Orders, Consulate Visits, Reform
- H-2A workers get reduced visa days for LA Driver's License eligibility
  - HB766 passed
  - Eligible: Farm Related CDL exemption
- No H-2B visas available -Crawfish and sugar processors
  - S. 988, HR. 1843 has not passed

### **Closure of Railroad Crossings**

- Private railroad crossings in place for 30 years after January 1, 1978 are prohibited from being removed
- Union Pacific engaged in removal of private railroad crossings
- 2007 State Legislation (HB 511-St. Germain) to prohibit removal of railroad crossings after 20 years fails.

### Sweet potato farmers ineligible for Disaster Assistance due to crop insurance

- Definition of "production" counts all ruined and unmarketable potatoes as "production"
- Production is severely overstated for sweet potato producers 2006 yield
- Overstated sweet potato yield downloaded to FSA, incorrect high yield make farmers ineligible for Disaster Assistance
- Amendment in House and Senate Farm Bill prohibits use of sweet potato crop insurance production data to determine eligibility for FSA Crop Disaster Program

#### **Renewable Portfolio Standard**

- Public Service Commission votes against implementing RFS mandating usage of renewable produced energy
- Implements "green pricing tariff" where customers voluntarily purchases green power at higher price
- Entergy Gulf States Few purchasing green power (\$2.52 per 100 kHz block)
- Electricity production from LA biomass needs a mandated market for investment

### **Boll Weevil Eradication**

- Program cost estimated at \$6 million for 2008
- \$1.8 million in expected assessment revenue at \$6 per acre
- \$4.2 million shortfall
- LAFA funding pledged to boll weevil is obligated to repay Lacassine sugar mill bonds through 2017

#### Refundable State Tax Exemption for Retrofitting or Purchasing Sugarcane Trailers with 3 rear axles

- Tax credit declines every year until 2011
- 2008 \$8,500
- 2011- \$6,500
- 2012 Federal Authority for 100,000 lb. harvest season weight expires

# National Issues

### <u>Farm Bill</u>

- Direct attribution of payments
- Removal of 3<sup>rd</sup> entity for partnerships
- Eliminates eligibility of high income partners
- Senate- Eliminates eligibility of non-family partners
- All production loan eligible –Payment Limits removed on LDP and MLG
- Maintains spousal eligibility if actively involved
- Countercyclical Revenue Option
- Sugar loan rate increase, producer allocation transfers and surplus sugar to ethanol program

# National Issues

### <u>U.S. – Mexico NAFTA Sugar Agreement</u>

- January 1, 2008 No tariff between US and Mexico on sugar
- Agreement reached between both nations sugar industry to establish limits on exports
- No limits on HFCS to Mexico
- High limit on Mexico sugar exports to USA
- Opposed by users, corn refiners, Cargill, Imperial
- Surplus sugar ethanol program could cost too much if Mexico exports to US are unlimited !!

# National Issues

#### Loan Cotton Warehouse Reconcentration

- When producer signs Form 605, power of attorney is transferred to market cotton equities
- After power of attorney is transferred, merchants can move cotton to a warehouse they control and receive storage credits for 90 days
- Takes storage credits away from local warehouses and reduces storage rebates back to producers

## 2008 Farm Bill

- House Farm Bill Passed 232-191.
- Senate Farm Bill Passed 79-14
- House Senate Farm Bill Conference Committee
  - 1. January March Conference Committee
  - Vote on Conference Report House/Senate Mar- April
  - 3. President Bush Veto threat

# Senate Conferees AnnouncedDemocratsRepublicans

- Tom Harkin (D-IA)
- Patrick Leahy (D-VT)
- Kent Conrad (D-ND)
- Max Baucus (D-MT)
- Blanche Lincoln (D-AR)
- Debbie Stabenow (D-MI)

- Saxby Chambliss (R-GA)
- Richard Lugar (R-IN)
- Thad Cochran (R-MS)
- Pat Roberts (R-KS)
- Charles Grassley (R-IA)

## **Direct Payments**

	Current	House	Senate
Cottoncents/lb.	6.67	6.67	6.67
Corn\$/bu.	0.28	0.28	0.28
Rice\$/cwt.	2.35	2.35	2.35
Soybeans\$/bu.	0.44	0.44	0.44
Sorghum\$/bu.	0.35	0.35	0.35
Wheat\$/bu.	0.52	0.52	0.52

## Loan Rates

	Current	House	Senate
Cottoncents/lb.	52.00	52.00	52.00
Corn\$/bu.	1.95	1.95	1.95
Rice\$/cwt.	6.50	6.50	6.50
Soybeans\$/bu.	5.00	5.00	5.00
Sorghum\$/bu.	1.95	1.95	1.95
Wheat\$/bu.	2.75	2.94	2.94

#### Loan Rates Sugar Sugar Current House Senate cents/lb 18.5 cents 18.25 - 200918 cents Raw 18.50 - 201018.75 - 2011**19.0 -** 2012 Refined 128.5% of 22.9 cents 23.5 cents raw sugar loan rate



	Current	House	Senate
Cottoncents/lb.	72.40	70.00	72.25
Corn\$/bu.	2.63	2.63	2.63
Rice\$/cwt.	10.50	10.50	10.50
Soybeans\$/bu.	5.80	6.10	6.00
Sorghum\$/bu.	2.57	2.57	2.63
Wheat\$/bu.	3.92	4.15	4.20



	Current	House	Senate
3-Entity	Yes	No	No
Direct Attribution	No	Yes	Yes
DP Limit	\$40,000	\$60,000	\$40,000
CCP Limit	\$65,000	\$65,000	\$60,000
Total DP & CCP	\$105,000	\$125,000	\$100,000
MLG and LDP	\$75,000	None	None

# **Biggest Change in Farm Bill -Eligibility**

- High income partners will be unable to collect farm program payments
- Will cause farm partnerships to restructure, if possible
- Will severely impact non-married farmers without involved spouse for qualifying 2<sup>nd</sup> entity
- Will create greater pressure on a producer's payments limits who may be forced to receive all program payments after land rent shifts to cash rent

# Spouse Eligibility Rules

- Current—eligible if considered separate "person" prior to marriage and meet actively engaged criteria.
- House—eligible if meet "actively engaged" rules; credited with labor and management if spouse "actively engaged".
- Senate—eligible if meet "actively engaged" rules; credited with labor and management if spouse "actively engaged"; defined as family member.

# AGI Eligibility Test

- Current—ineligible if 3-yr. avg. AGI exceeds \$2.5 mil. unless 75% of income farm related
- House—ineligible if 3-yr. avg. AGI exceeds \$500,000 unless 2/3 of income farm related; totally ineligible if 3-yr avg. AGI exceeds \$1 mil.
- Senate—2008—same as current law;

2009--ineligible if 3-yr. avg. AGI exceeds \$1 mil. unless 2/3 of income farm related;

2010-- ineligible if 3-yr. avg. AGI exceeds \$750,000 unless 2/3 of income farm related

# Revenue Based Option House Bill

	Target Revenue/Acre
Upland Cotton	\$496.93
Corn	\$344.12
Rice	\$548.06
Soybeans	\$231.87
Sorghum	\$131.28
Wheat	\$149.92

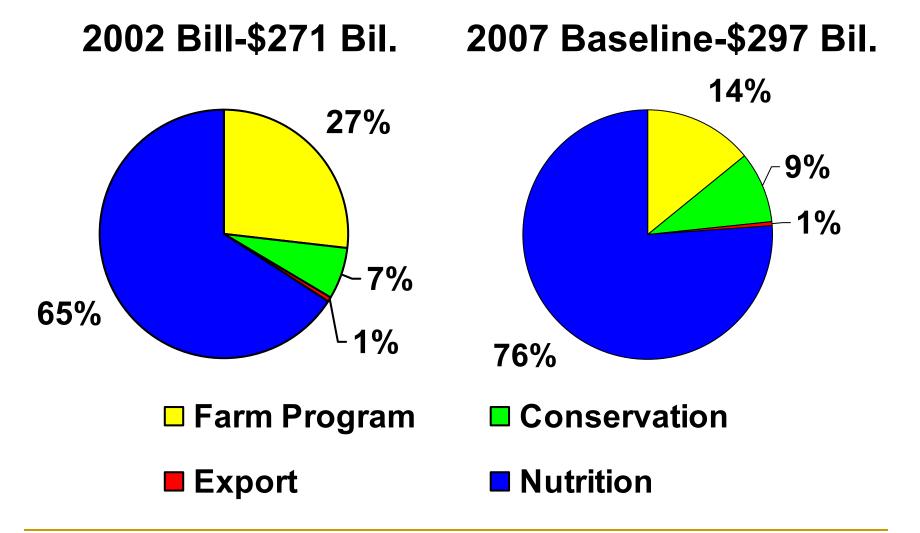
# Revenue Based Protection Senate Bill

- Optional beginning 2010 for whole farm.
- State-level program where target revenue based on 90% of crop insurance price election.
- If participate, receive \$15/acre fixed payment but forego direct payment and marketing loan program.

## **Administration Farm Bill Issues**

- Bush has threatened to veto any Farm Bill that contains a tax increase, budget gimmick or budget increase
- Marketing Loan Gains—force commodity valuation at time lose "beneficial interest".
- AGI Test—lose program eligibility if 3-yr. avg. AGI exceeds \$200,000
- Executive Order Agencies to Ignore Earmarks





### 2008 Farm Bill

- Support Completion of Conference Report House/Senate Modifications are Needed
- Louisiana Coalition Letter in December
- Why support? A 2 year extension would provide lower baseline and less funding for new Farm Bill after extension
- Fall back position is 2-year extension
   Would likely still entail some program changes to support higher nutrition and conservation program spending.

# Sugar -House and Senate Farm Bills

### **Term of Program**

2008 to 2012 crop years for program crops

#### **Non-Recourse Loans**

Loans remain non-recourse

# Sugar - House & Senate Farm Bills

### OAQ Allotment Split between Sugarcane and Sugar beet

 Sugar beet 54.35% of Overall Allotment Quantity only filled by sugar produced from domestically grown sugar beets

 Sugarcane 45.65% of Overall Allotment
 Quantity only filled by sugar produced from domestically grown sugarcane

# Farm Bill Loan Rates - Sugarcane

### <u>House</u>

- 2008 18.5 cents
- 2009 18.5 cents
- 2010 18.5 cents
- 2011 18.5 cents
- 2012 18.5 cents

### <u>Senate</u>

- 2008 18 cents
- 2009 18.25 cents
- 2010 18.50 cents
- **2011 18.75 cents**
- 2012 19 cents

# Farm Bill Loan Rates – Sugar Beets

### <u>House</u>

- 2008 23.5 cents
- 2009 23.5 cents
- 2010 23.5 cents
- 2011- 23.5 cents
- 2012 23.5 cents

### <u>Senate</u>

- 2008 23.13 cents
- 2009 23.45 cents
- 2010 23.77 cents
- 2011- 24.09 cents
- 2012 24.41 cents

# Farm Bill - Sugar Marketing Allotments

### <u>House</u>

Requires that allotments be established at a level no lower than 85% of the quantity of sugar estimated for domestic human consumption for the crop year.

### <u>Senate</u>

Requires that allotments be established at a level no lower than 85% of the quantity of sugar estimated for domestic human consumption for the crop year.

# Farm Bill: Sugar : Collection of Information from Mexico

### <u>House</u>

 Secretary will collect production, consumption, trade of sugar in Mexico including U.S. exports of sugar and high fructose corn sweetener exported to Mexico

### <u>Senate</u>

Secretary will collect production, consumption, trade of sugar in Mexico including U.S. exports of sugar to Mexico but does not include exports of high fructose corn sweetener to Mexico

# Sugar: House & Senate Farm Bills

### **Definition of Seed**

- High energy cane exempted from definition of seed for determining production of sugarcane
  - Significant to Louisiana Proportionate share language restrictions regarding harvesting of sugarcane and seed above proportionate shares when Louisiana is anticipated to exceed it's marketing allotment and proportionate shares are imposed

## Farm Bill: Sugar "No Cost" Program

### <u>House</u>

To maximum extent possible, operate program at no cost to Federal Government "excluding" Feedstock Flexibility Program

### <u>Senate</u>

To maximum extent possible, operate program at no cost to Federal Government "including" Feedstock Flexibility Program

### Sugar - House and Senate Farm Bills

### **Surplus Inventory Disposition**

- Payment in Kind or PIK CCC purchases of raw cane sugar or refined beet sugar in CCC inventory in exchange for reductions in production (Authority Remains)
- Bioenergy Feedstock CCC purchases of raw sugar or refined beet sugar for bioenergy production

# Farm Bill: Sugar - Bioenergy Feedstock Program

### <u>House</u>

Purchases of sugar necessary to avoid forfeitures are authorized for sale into Feedstock Flexibility Program

### <u>Senate</u>

Purchases of sugar necessary to avoid forfeitures are authorized for sale into Feedstock Flexibility Program. Sugar program including Feedstock Program must be operated at "no cost" to the maximum extent possible. (Pricing an issue)

# Farm Bill Sugar: Bioenergy Feedstock Program

### <u>House</u>

No language that sugar used in Feedstock Flexibility Program is to be included in allotments. (However, appears to be implied)

### <u>Senate</u>

 Language clearly indicates that sugar used in Feedstock
 Flexibility Program is included in allotments.

# Sugar: House and Senate Farm Bills

### **Transfer of Mill Marketing Allocations**

A producer in a proportionate share State, upon written consent for all affected cropshare owners (or the representatives for the crop share owners) of a farm may deliver sugarcane to another processing company if the additional delivery, when combined with such other processing company's existing deliveries, does not exceed the processing capacity of the company.

# Sugar: House and Senate Farm Bills

### **Transfer of Mill Marketing Allocations**

- Mill allocation transferred based on number of sugarcane base acres
- Pro-rata amount of allocation at the processing company that equals the grower's contribution to the processing companies allocation for the sugarcane base acres being transferred

# Sugar: House & Senate Farm Bills

### **Tariff Rate Quota Administration**

- Prior to April 1; On or after April 1
- In event of emergency, with sugar shortage in US, raw sugar TRQ imports can be increased and an additional allocation of refined beet sugar can be allocated once all marketings of domestic sugar have been maximized

# Sugar: Shipping Patterns- House Farm Bill (only)

### **Orderly Shipping Periods**

- Over 100,000 tons, 25% of the country's quota must be shipped for each calendar quarter
- More than 45,000 tons but less than 100,000 tons, not more than 50% of the country's quota may be shipped in the first six months of the year

# Sugar: House and Senate Farm Bills

#### Loans for In-process sugars

80% of loan rate

# International Sugar Organization (House and

Senate located in different sections)

 Requires Secretary of State to restore membership in International Sugar
 Organization within one year after date of enactment

# Sugar: Senate Farm Bill (only)

### Storage Payments for Sugar Forfeited to CCC for 2008-2011 Crop Years

White Refined Sugar – 15 cents per month
Raw Cane Sugar - 10 cents per month