

Utilizing Host Resistance for Reniform Nematode Management

Louisiana Agricultural Technology & Management Conference (February 8, 2024)

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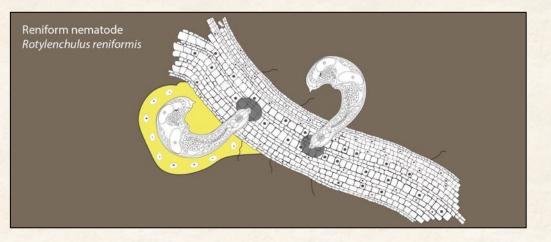
Plant Pathology and Crop Physiology

LSU AgCenter



Outline

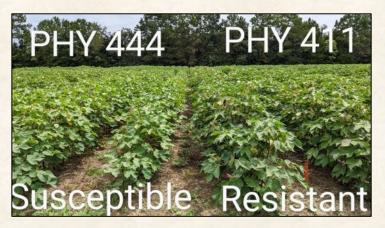
1. Reniform Nematode



2. Corn and Grain Sorghum Rotations

3. Cotton Resistance

4. Soybean Resistance



5. Sweetpotato Resistance





Biology

Rotylenchulus reniformis

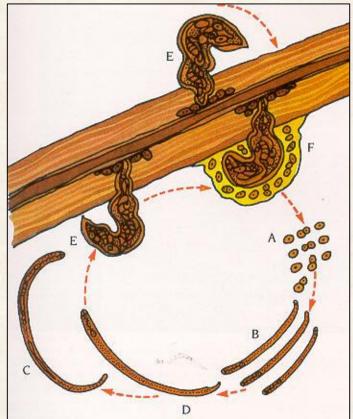
- Reniform nematode
- Found in any soil type suitable for growing cotton
- Reported in every southern state producing cotton
- Responsible for loss of ~200,000 bales annually
- Also parasitizes soybean and sweetpotato





Mature Reniform Female with Egg Mass

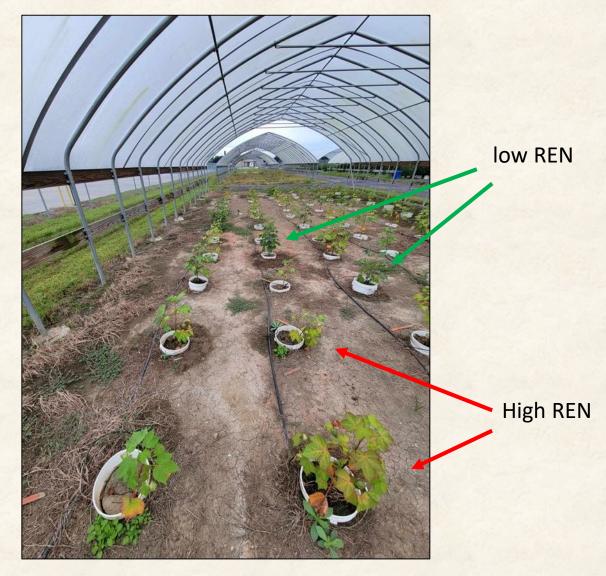






Crop Damage







Crop Damage - Cotton

Cotton in Louisiana: 2.36% yield loss 9,401 bales lost \$4,129,991 loss in LA







Crop Damage - Soybean

Soybean in Louisiana: 1.89% yield loss 1,229,869 bushels lost \$16,726,222 loss in LA





(Often goes unnoticed)



Crop Damage - Sweetpotato



Sweetpotato in Louisiana: ? % yield loss ? bushels lost ? \$ loss in LA







Diagnosis

• Soil sampling and nematode diagnostic laboratory









General Nematode Management



Clean Plant Material







Cover Crops



Host Resistance



Nematicides



Crop Rotations

Corn and Grain Sorghum

• Non-host crops for reniform nematode



• Used as a rotation to reduce population development

Temporary suppression of reniform nematode



- Populations will rise once a host crop is planted
 - Cotton
 - Soybean
 - Sweetpotato



Cotton Host Resistance

• Many years of research dedicated to finding cotton host resistance to **Reniform** and **Root-Knot Nematode**

- 2021 release of stacked resistance to <u>Reniform</u> and <u>Root-Knot Nematode</u>:
 - Deltapine 2141NR
 - Phytogen PHY 332 W3FE
 - Phytogen PHY 411 W3FE
 - Phytogen PHY 443 W3FE
- Relatively new and needs evaluation





Objective

Evaluate the utility of cotton host resistance for management of reniform nematode

Field Locations:

St. Joseph, Louisiana Winnsboro, Louisiana

Parameters Measured:

- Nematode population development
- Seed cotton yield

2022 Cultivars:

- Deltapine 1646 (Susceptible)
- Deltapine 2141NR (Resistant)
- Phytogen PHY 332 (Resistant)
- Phytogen PHY 411 (Resistant)
- Phytogen PHY 443 (Resistant)

2023 Cultivars:

- Deltapine 1646 (Susceptible)
- Deltapine 2141NR (Resistant)
- Phytogen PHY 340 (Susceptible)
- Phytogen PHY 332 (Resistant)
- Phytogen PHY 411 (Resistant)
- Phytogen PHY 443 (Resistant)















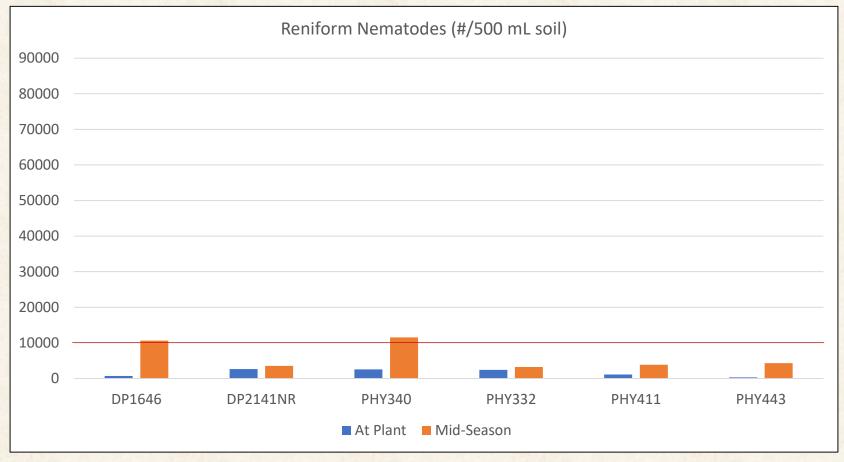
Northeast Research Station, 2023

Reniform Nematodes (#/500 mL soil)						
90000						
80000						
70000						
60000						
50000						
40000						
30000						
20000						
10000						
0						
	DP1646	DP2141NR	PHY340	PHY332	PHY411	PHY443
At Plant						

At plant reniform nematode population densities were low in 2023.



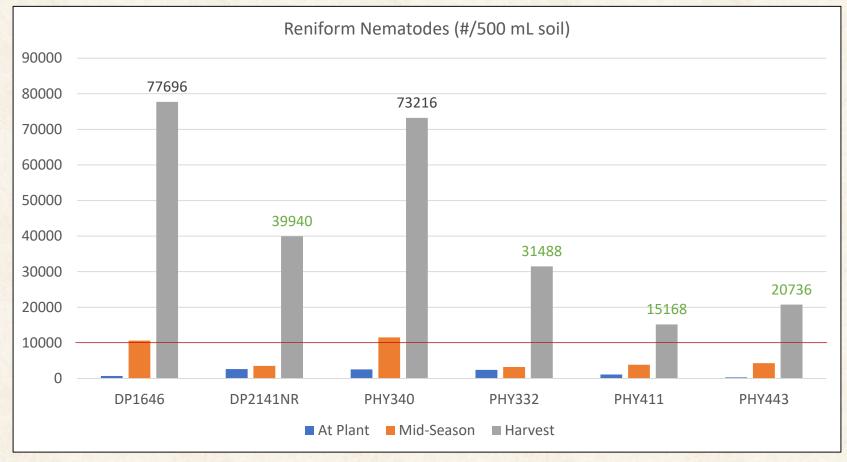
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Susceptible cultivars surpass damage threshold by mid-season.



Northeast Research Station, 2023



Lower reniform nematode densities with resistance cultivars.



Final Reniform Nematode Soil Population Density (#/500 mL soil)

Cultivar	St. Joseph 2022	St. Joseph 2023	Winnsboro 2022	Winnsboro 2023
Deltapine 1646	15,744	77,696	47,616	95,740
Deltapine 2141NR	11,128	39,940	27,776	66,896
Phytogen PHY340	-	73,216	-	87,984
Phytogen PHY332	9,088	31,488	22,016	38,724
Phytogen PHY411	6,688	15,168	14,144	45,696
Phytogen PHY443	7,104	20,736	26,304	68,752

Resistant cultivars had fewer reniform nematodes

Phytogen PHY411 provided the most consistent nematode suppression

Reniform nematode populations still increased during the growing season



Cotton Host Resistance

Seed Cotton Yield (kg/ha)

Cultivar	St. Joseph 2022	St. Joseph 2023	Winnsboro 2022	Winnsboro 2023
Deltapine 1646	3,192	2,743	1,551	3,879
Deltapine 2141NR	2,899	2,484	1,469	3,982
Phytogen PHY340	-	2,360	-	3,646
Phytogen PHY332	2,979	4,265	1,534	3,578
Phytogen PHY411	3,168	3,625	1,528	3,938
Phytogen PHY443	3,256	2,743	1,578	3,537

Yield benefit of host resistance was inconsistent



Cotton Host Resistance

Summary

 Reniform nematode resistant cotton cultivars suppress nematode population development

- Nematode numbers still increase during the growing season on resistant cultivars
 - Need additional management tactics (i.e., nematicides, crop rotation, etc.)
- No consistent yield benefit of resistant cotton cultivar over DP1646





Soybean Host Resistance



Overview

- Soybean varieties with reniform nematode 'resistance' exist
 - LSU AgCenter varieties recommendations were outdated (2010) and from Arkansas populations

 Need to identify resistance to Louisiana populations of reniform nematode in locally grown soybean varieties

- 2021 screening of 21 top-selling commercial soybean varieties showed no reniform resistance.
- University of Missouri had developed lines with reported reniform nematode resistance when screened in a greenhouse setting



Objective

Evaluate the utility of soybean host resistance for management of reniform nematode

Field Locations:

St. Joseph, Louisiana Winnsboro, Louisiana

Parameters Measured:

- Nematode population development
- Yield

2022 Varieties

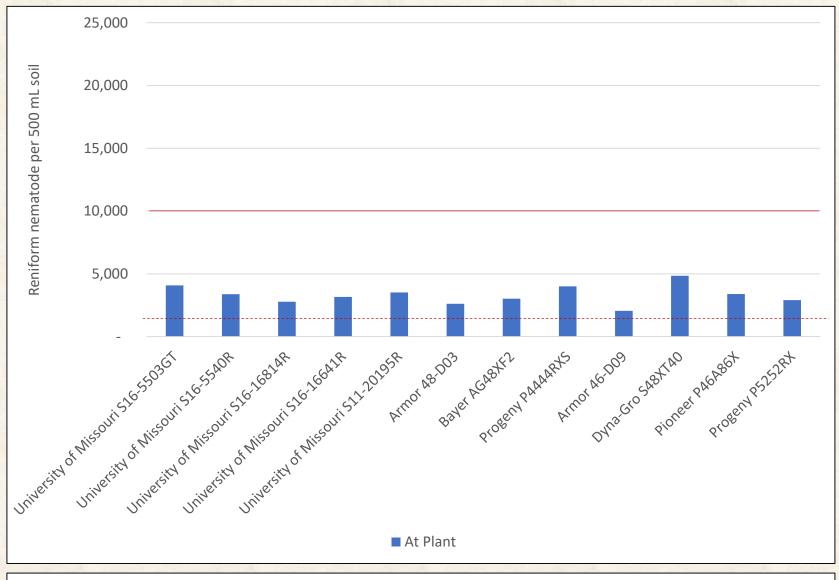
Variety	Reniform Resistant
University of Missouri S16-5503GT	Y
University of Missouri S16-5540R	Y
University of Missouri S16-16814R	Y
University of Missouri S16-16641R	Y
University of Missouri S11-20195R	Y
Armor 48-D03	Ν
Bayer AG48XF2	Ν
Progeny P4444RXS	Ν
Armor 46-D09	Ν
Dyna-Gro S48XT40	Ν
Pioneer P46A86X	Ν
Progeny P5252RX	Ν

2023 Varieties

<u>Variety</u>	Reniform Resistant
University of Missouri S16-5503GT	Y
University of Missouri S16-5540R	Y
University of Missouri S16-16814R	Y
University of Missouri S16-16641R	Y
Armor 48-D03	Ν
Bayer AG48XF2	Ν
LS5009XS	Ν
Bayer AG48X9	Ν
P54A54X	Ν
GT-4677XS	Ν



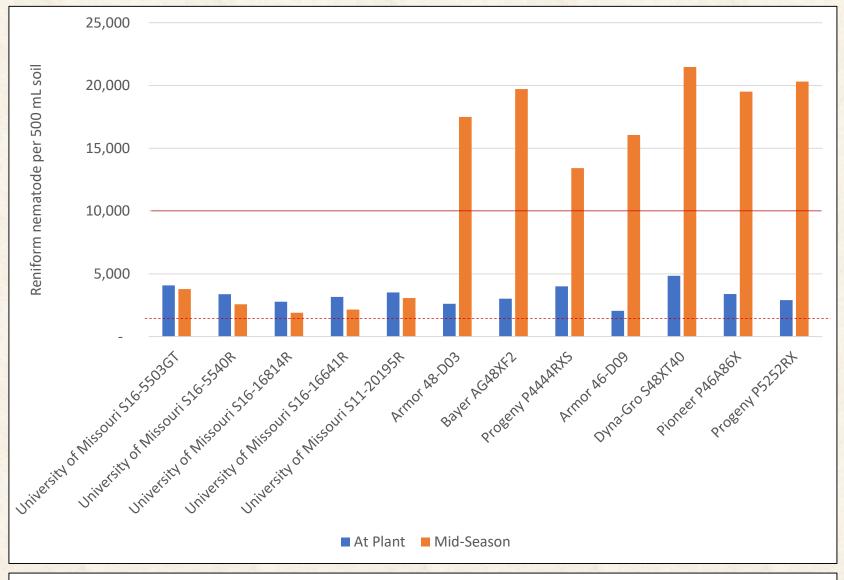
Northeast Research Station, 2022



Moderate reniform nematode pressure at plant.



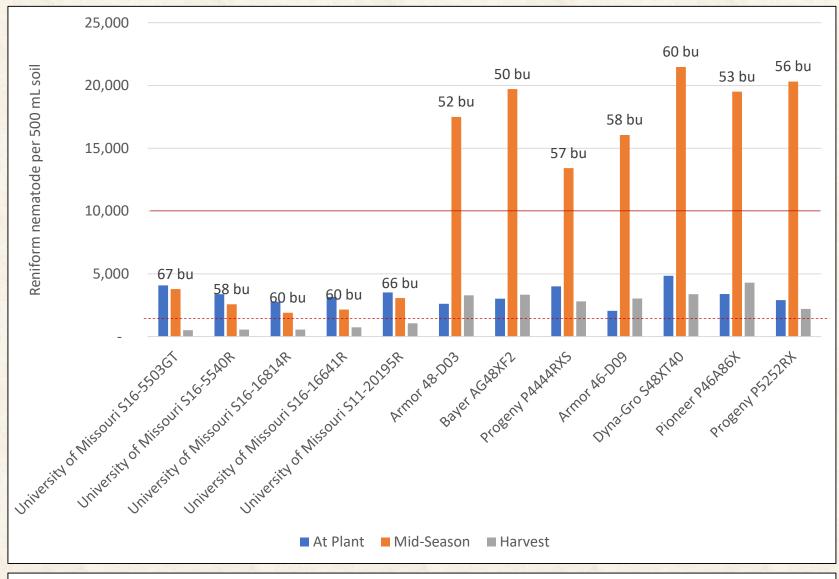
Northeast Research Station, 2022



Reniform populations increase rapidly in susceptible soybean varieties.



Northeast Research Station, 2022



Higher yield with resistant soybean varieties.



Final Reniform Nematode Soil Population Density (#/500 mL soil)

Variety	St. Joseph 2022	St. Joseph 2023	Winnsboro 2022	Winnsboro 2023
U of Misso S16-5503GT	3,792	4,736	11,240	8,960
U of Misso S16-5540R	2,576	5,952	9,544	8,064
U of Misso S16-16814R	1,904	2,752	8,648	9,584
U of Misso S16-16641R	2,160	3,456	9,136	7,684
Armor 48-D03	17,498	16,640	18,352	22,528
Bayer AG48XF2	19,712	28,160	14,920	23,680

Host resistance consistently reduced reniform nematode densities.



Soybean Resistance

Summary

Currently grown commercial soybean varieties show no resistance to reniform nematode

• University of Missouri lines with resistance consistently reduced reniform nematode population development

Need to commercialize these host resistance traits



Sweetpotato Resistance

No commercial varieties with reniform nematode resistance

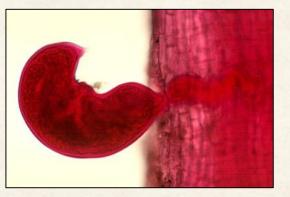
Management relies on nematicides and crop rotation

Reports of USDA sweetpotato lines with resistance (2023)



Will start screening LSU AgCenter sweetpotato lines for host resistance (2024)







Summary

• Corn and grain sorghum rotations can reduce reniform nematode pressure.

• **Cotton** host resistance can reduce reniform nematode pressure, but additional management tactics may be needed.

• **Soybean** host resistance is a promising tool for reniform nematode management but still needs to be commercialized.

 Sweetpotato host resistance to reniform nematode may exist and will be explored in the future.



Acknowledgements

Watson Lab Team:

Dr. Josie Rezende (Research Associate) David Galo (PhD candidate) Lucy Kiarie (PhD student) Iris Aguilar (MS student) International Interns

Northeast Research Station:

Dennis Burns (Resident Coordinator) Farm Crew



Funded By:

Macon Ridge Research Station:

Dr. Trey Price (Resident Coordinator) Myra Purvis (Research Associate) Farm Crew





Questions?

