Reconsidering soil-applied insecticides

Blake Wilson

LATMC Sugarcane Breakout Marksville, LA February 10, 2023





Sugarcane Insecticide Use

Insecticides for borer control^{1, 2}

- Reduced by approximately 60% since 2000
- Selective chemistry
- Integrated management

No other pests require regular control

Environmental impact is very low relative to other field crops Should be viewed favorably by EPA



Wilson et al. 2020, Wilson 2021

Sugarcane Insecticide Use







Sugarcane Insecticide Use

Used by ≈ 43% of growers (55,000 acres/year) Nearly, \$1 million spent annually

Thimet (phorate)

- Organo-phosphate (EPA review)
- Broad spectrum, kills fire ants at label rate (15 lbs/acre)
- Hazardous to the applicator
- Requires investment in application equipment





Is Thimet use justified? No data demonstrating benefits to yield in Louisiana 3 large plot trials from 2017-2019 showed no effect

Anecdotal evidence suggests poor stands can occur without it

Roughly half of plant cane acres aren't treated, issues are rare



A single report of replanting due to wireworms since 2017



Wireworm Collections 2020-2021

Beer-soaked corn baits 2020-2021: estimated capture rate was < 0.3 larvae/trap

2022: 0.02 larvae/trap

Pastures, grassy fallow land had nothing

>70% of larvae came from a field of second stubble



Wireworm Trials 2021-2022 Inoculated trials on station – 1 larva per row foot



Wireworm Trial – USDA Houma

Treatment	Rate (fl oz/a)	Stand per acre				Stalk	Tons/
		Oct 2021	Dec 2021	Apr 2022	Sept 2022	Wght (lbs)	acre
Infested	NA	15,636 d	33,636 c	48,000	56,364	2.9	83.0
Uninfested	NA	24,545 bc	42,727 abc	58,546	57,455	3.2	91.7
A22466	2.74	22,545 c	45,273 abc	54,727	61,091	3.3	100.1
A22466	4.56	22,364 c	41,090 bc	54,000	52,727	3.0	77.5
A22466	6.84	29,627 ab	48,909 ab	51,454	55,818	3.1	87.2
Platinum	5.67	33,455 a	54,727 a	58,909	52,727	2.8	81.9
	F =		6.31	0.67	0.83	1.55	2.55
	df =		5, 20	5, 20	5, 20	5, 20	5, 20
	P =	<0.001	0.001	0.650	0.546	0.220	0.061

Collaboration with Hannah Penn and Randy Richard HoCP 12-615, planted 26 August 2021 1 wireworm, 3.5 internodes per row-foot



Wireworm Trial – SRS

Rate/acre		Plants/acre			
Treatment (fl oz)	Dec 21	May 22	Sept 22	Weight (lbs)	TCA
Uninfested control	15,240	73,569 AB	57,329 AB	2.7 AB	77.0 AB
Infested control	11,974	45,993 B	43,904 B	2.6 B	56.9 B
Broflanilide 4.56*	14,514	71,853 AB	58,418 AB	2.9 AB	86.6 A
Broflanilide 2.28	17,779	86,7202 A	67,126 A	2.8 AB	93.2 A
Broflanilide 1.14	17,779	83,454 AB	45,718 B	2.6 B	58.7 B
Broflanilide 0.57	14,151	64,969 AB	54,427 AB	2.5 B	67.7 AB
Broflanilide 1.14**	8,708	60,958 AB	50,073 B	2.8 AB	69.0 AB
Thimet 3 lbs/a	11,611	67,852 AB	55,152 AB	3.2 A	87.1 A
F :	= 0.69	2.49	5.72	4.36	5.71
Df =	= 7, 21	7, 21	7, 21	7, 21	7, 21
P =	= 0.676	0.050	<0.001	0.004	<0.001
SE =	= 5,297	8,369	2,133	0.1	8.0

HoCP 12-615, planted 27 September 2021 0.8 wireworm, 4 internodes per row-foot *Uninfested

****Pre-emergence** soil application



Looking ahead

Platinum label anticipated in 2024 Billet planting data are encouraging Yield benefits from growth stimulation?

Broflanilide possible in 2025

Where do these products fit?



Looking ahead

Investigation of wireworm pest status needed Consultant/farmer collaborations needed Records analysis? Strip trials on commercial farms Statewide surveys



Acknowledgements

Funding from AMSCL and industry partners

LSU SRS and USDA SRU Staff

Graduate and undergraduate student support

Grower and consultant cooperators





Questions?



Blake Wilson bwilson@agcenter.lsu.edu 985-373-6193

